Last updated: 26 June 2014

# GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES FOR TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL CANADA BOARD OF DIRECTORS

## **Definition of Governance:**

Transparent and accountable stewardship of all resources of an organization for its development

# **Elements of Governance for Transparency International Canada (TI-Canada):**

## 1. Code Of Ethics:

## **Code of Ethics**

TI-Canada, and its Officers and board of directors, will conduct its affairs in accordance with the following vision, values and guiding principles:

#### Vision

A world in which government, politics, business, civil society and the daily lives of people are free from corruption.

#### Values

Transparency

Accountability

Solidarity

Courage

Justice

Democracy

Integrity

## **Guiding Principles**

We are a civil society organization committed to respecting the following principles:

- 1. As coalition builders, we will work co-operatively with all individuals and groups, with for profit and not for profit corporations and organizations, and with governments and international bodies committed to the fight against corruption, subject only to the policies and priorities set by our governing bodies.
- 2. We undertake to be open, honest, cooperative and accountable in our relationships with everyone we work with and with each other.
- 3. We will be democratic, politically non partisan and non sectarian in our work.

- 4. We will condemn bribery and corruption vigorously and courageously wherever it has been reliably identified. [although we ourselves do not seek to expose individual cases of corruption. removed at TI Annual Members Meeting 2011; however, TI-Canada continues to follow this full policy]
- 5. The positions we take will be based on sound, objective and professional analysis and high standards of research.
- 6. We will only accept funding that does not compromise our ability to address issues freely, thoroughly and objectively.
- 7. We will provide accurate and timely reports of our activities to our stakeholders.
- 8. We will respect and encourage respect for fundamental rights and freedoms.
- 9. We are committed to building, working with and working through national chapters world wide.
- 10. We will strive for balanced and diverse representation on our governing bodies.
- 11. As one global movement, we stand in solidarity with each other and we will not act in ways that may adversely affect other Chapters or the TI Movement as a whole. [added by TI Annual Members Meeting 2011, in accordance with change made in #4]

## 2. Conflict of Interest:

## Background

Conflicts of interest may arise from time to time in the course of a board or executive member's activities and decisions as a TI-Canada director or member of the executive, namely:

- pecuniary or financial interests;
- interests that impede a board or executive member in his or her duty to act in the best interests of the organization

## **Pecuniary or Financial Interest**

A board or executive member is said to have a pecuniary interest in a decision when the board or executive member (or his or her employers, associates or relatives) stands to gain by that decision, either in the form of money, gifts, favours, gratuities, engagement for the provision of goods or services or other special considerations. In such cases, the declaration of any pecuniary interest held by a board or executive member (or by his or her parents, siblings, spouse and common law partner) is essential.

## **Board Member's Duty to TI-Canada**

The TI-Canada board is deliberately comprised of people with a variety of academic, business, professional, governmental, civil society and other experience and perspectives. The intent in this design is to gain from a broad base of experience in making decisions on behalf of TI-Canada.

The broad-based and diverse selection of board members is not, however, intended to create limited constituencies represented by individual board members. Each board member has the same responsibility to support overall the goals and objectives of TI as a whole and specifically those of TI-Canada as determined by its board.

Participation or influence in board or management decisions that selectively and disproportionately benefit particular organizations, companies or professional or academic groups is a violation of a board member's entrusted responsibility to act in a fair and objective manner in the best interests of TI-Canada.

## **Principle**

Members of the board and executive of TI-Canada are expected to act, and be perceived to act, with integrity in all matters relating to TI-Canada. Members of the board and the executive use their skills and experience to represent the goals and objectives of TI and TI-Canada and to act and make decisions that are in their collective best interest. Members of the board should not act in any way that selectively or disproportionately benefits particular agencies, companies, organizations or professional or academic groups.

## Definition

A conflict of interest is a perceived or real impediment to a board or executive member's duty to support the organization's collective goals and objectives, due to the board or executive member's affiliations, obligations, or other formal associations and relationships outside the organization

## Chair's Responsibilities

The chair of the TI-Canada board is responsible for ensuring that all persons nominated and/or elected to the board or the executive are made aware of the policies and procedures regarding conflict of interest. In addition these policies and procedures should be made available to the general membership of TI-Canada through publication, for example, in a newsletter.

## **Board and Executive Member Responsibilities**

Members of the board and the executive are required to recognize that the possibility of conflict of interest exists and are expected to declare conflicts of interest in accordance with the following policy.

# Conflict of Interest Policy for Members of the TI-Canada Board and Executive

- 1) For the purposes of this policy, "associates" include the parents, siblings, spouse or common-law partner of the board or executive member as well as any organization, agency, company, professional or academic group or individual (such as a business partner or fellow employee) with a formal relationship to the board member.
- Every board or executive member who, either directly or through one of his or her associates has or thinks he or she may potentially have a conflict of interest with respect to a proposed or current contract, transaction, or decision of TI-Canada should promptly, and prior to proceeding with any such contract, transaction or decision, disclose the nature and extent of the interest at a meeting of the board.
- 3) If the board or executive member (or his or her associates) becomes interested in a contract, transaction or decision after the board meeting at which it is first raised, the board member should make a declaration at the next board meeting following the board member's perception or apprehension of a conflict.
- 4) In the case of an existing contract, transaction or decision, the declaration should be made at the first meeting of the board after the member becomes a director or a member of the executive or the interest comes into being.
- 5) After making such a declaration, no interested board member should vote or be present at the vote, or otherwise attempt to influence the voting on such contract, transaction or decision, nor should the member be counted in any required quorum with respect to the vote.
- 6) If a board or executive member has made a declaration of interest in compliance with this policy, the board member is not accountable to TI-Canada for any profit he or she or his or her associates may realize from the contract, transaction or decision.
- 7) If the board or executive member fails to make a declaration of his or her interest in a contract, transaction or decision as required by this policy this may be considered grounds for forfeiture of board or executive membership.
- 8) If a board or executive member believes that any other board or executive member is in a conflict of interest position with respect to any contract, transaction or decision, the board or executive member should raise the matter

and have the concern recorded in the minutes. Thereafter at the request of the board member who recorded the concern, the board should vote on whether the board member alleged to have an interest is or was in conflict. The question of whether or not a board or executive member has a conflict of interest shall be determined by a simple majority of the board.

9) Every declaration of a conflict of interest and the general nature thereof should be recorded in the minutes of the board.

## 3. Rules of Order:

The rules of order to be used are the Roberts Rules of Order.

## 4. Role of Board:

The directors of TI-Canada may administer the affairs of TI-Canada in all things and make any kind of contract which TI-Canada may lawfully enter into. It may exercise all such other powers and do all such other acts and things as TI-Canada is by its charter or otherwise authorized to exercise and do.

The board of directors may prescribe such rules and regulations not inconsistent with the by-laws relating to the management and operation of TI-Canada as they deem expedient, provided that such rules and regulations shall have force and effect only until the next annual meeting of the members of TI-Canada when they shall be confirmed, and failing such confirmation at such annual meeting of members, shall at and from that time cease to have any force and effect.

## 5. Election/Reelection of Directors

#### **Election of Directors:**

The Governance and Nominating Committee will:

- a) Determine ideal board composition
  - should consider geography, skills, international experience, contacts, and diversity
  - attempt to balance the TI-Canada Board membership among business, professionals, government, academics and NGO's
  - what are the gaps that need to be filled?
  - where do we have enough representation now
  - ability to fund raise, or have contacts from which funds can be raised
  - interest in involvement with TI-Canada activities
- b) Set up process for getting recommendations, preferably from entire Board (do this "off line", not at Board meetings).
- c) Establish priorities and availability, and look for names that fit the bill and discuss.
- d) Arrive at list of potential candidates.
- e) Do some biographical research.
- f) Arrive at list of people Committee is prepared to recommend to the Board, pending interviews.

- g) Assemble biographical material and reasons for selection.
- h) Present the Board with names and background, and request authorization to interview the candidates with regard to potential interest in becoming a Director of the Board.
- i) Conduct reference checks if appropriate.
- j) Interview candidates. Interviewers should normally be at least one from the Nominations Committee and another Director. If a candidate is well known to a Director, consider the plusses and minuses of having him or her at the interview. Usually no more than two or at most three TI-Canada interviewers. Good idea to do over lunch. The key thing to avoid is to imply to a candidate that you are offering a directorship and then have the Board say no.
- k) Conduct further reference checks if appropriate.
- l) Report back to Board after interviews and make appropriate recommendations regarding Board appointments. Proceed accordingly.

#### **Reelection of Directors:**

The Governance and Nominating Committee has the option to recommend to the Board those directors eligible for reelection.

## 6. Appointment of Officers:

The Governance and Nominating Committee shall, on a yearly basis and following the Annual General Meeting, recommend to the Board, for election, the officers of the organization for the following year.

## 7. Number of Directors:

Correction to By-laws – At the Annual General Meeting in 1998, it was agreed that the by-laws be modified to reflect that, to the extent allowed by law, the Board can, between annual meetings, increase the number of Board Members, assign a term of between one and three years to each such new position and appoint people to fill each such position.

## 8. Duties and Responsibilities of Directors:

Each Director is responsible for:

- Being a member of TI-Canada, either through individual or corporate affiliation
- Signing off on the conflict of interest statement
- Signing off on the Code of Ethics

The Board is responsible for approving strategy and exercising due diligence.

The Board shall vote on the acceptance, by written application, of any potential TI-Canada member. [2005] Membership in TI-Canada is generally available to all, subject to receipt of a Membership Application and Board approval of the Application. The Board may decline to grant such approval if, for any reason, the Board considers membership to be inconsistent or incompatible with the objectives, values and ethical

principles of TI-Canada. [2012: It was agreed that applicants for individual and student membership will be asked to commit their support for TI-Canada's vision, mission and goals, when submitting their applications. This will be a one stop shop, on line. Applicants will fill out the form, click a box that says by submitting the application and paying the fee, they commit to TI-Canada's vision, mission and goals. TI-Canada will reserve the right to review applications but will only do so if the Senior Advisor or any Board Member brings a real problem to the attention of the Board.]

Board approval is required, before TI-Canada mailing list (not Membership List, which is not given out) is given to other organizations.

## **Duty to Inform:**

Transparency in communication among Board Members is important. In particular, it is important for Board Members to inform the Chair, directly, or through the Senior Advisor, as soon as practicable, concerning their activities that relate significantly to TI-Canada's mandate.

# 9. Voting:

Each director is authorized to exercise one vote. Questions arising at any meeting of directors shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the chair of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.

## 10. Relationship to Transparency International Secretariat

One Director shall be nominated by the Board, on a yearly basis, to be TI-Canada's Active Member at the Annual General Meeting of Transparency International.

## 11. Committee Structure:

The board of directors may appoint committees (see Appendix 1 for Active Committees) as the board shall see fit and may by resolution appoint and remove the members of such committees.

Further, committee meetings will be announced to the Board in advance so that any Board member can attend, if interested. Reports on committee meetings will be given to the full Board at the subsequent meeting of the Board.

[As per 1 June 2005] Guidelines for Committee Chairs and Membership:

- Minimum of 4 and maximum of 6 Board Members per committee
- Board Members should serve on a minimum of one committee and a maximum of two committees
- The TI-Canada Chair and President is an ex-officio member of all committees, as per the present Governance Guidelines
- Board Members will, where possible [as per 11 December 2012], be chairs of committees; if a non Board Member chairs a committee, that individual will make

- a report by teleconference, or in written form, at each Board Meeting [as per 11 December 2012]; and a Board Member may chair only one committee, at a time
- Non Board Members may be invited to serve on committees, with the exception of the Governance and Nominating Committee, which will be made up only of members of the Board
- The Governance and Nominating Committee has the authority to make exceptions to these guidelines on a case-by-base basis

## 12. Circulation of Minutes:

Every effort will be taken to distribute the minutes to the full Board four weeks following a Board meeting.

# 13. Officers and Their Functions:

## Chair of the Board:

The Chair of the board of directors shall preside at all meetings of members and of the board of directors. The Chair shall be the chief executive officer of TI-Canada and shall have the general and active management of the affairs of TI-Canada. The Chair shall see that all orders and resolutions of the board of directors are carried into effect. The Chair provides general direction to the Senior Advisor (see Appendix 2).

#### Vice Chair:

The Vice Chair of the board of directors shall in the absence or disability of the Chair exercise the powers of the Chair and shall perform such other duties as shall from time to time be assigned by the board of directors.

#### **Treasurer:**

The Treasurer shall have the custody of the funds and securities of TI-Canada and shall keep full and accurate accounts of all assets, liabilities, receipts and disbursements of TI-Canada in the books belonging to TI-Canada and shall deposit all monies, securities and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of TI-Canada. The Treasurer shall disburse the funds of TI-Canada as may be directed by proper authority and shall render to the Chair and directors financial statements as agreed to at each Board meeting and annually in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### **Secretary:**

The Secretary shall attend all meetings and act as clerk thereof and record all votes and minutes of all proceedings in the books to be kept for that purpose. The Secretary shall give and cause to be given notice of all meetings of the members and of the board of directors, and shall perform such other duties as may be assigned by the board of directors or the Chair.

# 14. Financial Practices:

## **Expenditures and Salaries:**

The directors shall have power to authorize expenditures on behalf of TI-Canada from time to time and may delegate by resolution to an officer or officers of TI-Canada the right to employ and pay salaries to employees.

## **Travel Expense Reimbursement Policy:**

(See Appendix 3.)

## **Fund Raising:**

The board of directors shall take such steps as they may deem requisite to enable TI-Canada to acquire, accept, solicit or receive legacies, gifts, grants, settlements, bequests, endowments and donations of any kind whatsoever for the purpose of furthering the objects of TI-Canada.

## **Auditors:**

The members shall, at each annual meeting, appoint an auditor to audit the accounts of TI-Canada for report to the members at the next annual meeting. The auditor shall hold office until the next annual meeting provided that the directors may fill any casual vacancy in the office of auditor. The remuneration of the auditor shall be fixed by the board of directors.

#### **Books and Records:**

The directors shall see that all necessary books and records of TI-Canada required by the by-laws of TI-Canada or by any applicable statute or law are regularly and properly kept. The Secretary shall keep and maintain a record of the names and addresses of all members of TI-Canada.

## **Signing Authorities:**

Cheques for \$500 or under require either a single signature, which must be that of the Chair and President, or two signatures, as per below. [10 June 2009 Board Meeting: All cheques must have two signatures, regardless of amount.]

Cheques over \$500 require two signatures of the Chair, the Vice-Chair, the Treasurer or the Senior Advisor, excepting that the Chair and the Senior Advisor may not be the two signatures on one cheque [10 June 2009 Board Meeting: The Chair and Senior Advisor may be two signatures on one cheque]. No signing officer may sign a cheque to himself or herself or to an entity in which he or she has a material financial interest.

#### **Investment of Funds:**

The Treasurer is authorized to invest surplus funds in GICs or their equivalent.

## **Solvency:**

The Treasurer shall consult with the Chair and Vice-Chair in order to determine appropriate action, including if necessary, reductions in expenditures that would otherwise have been incurred, when the bank and other liquid funds fall to a critical

balance, as defined below. The critical balance is \$10,000, consisting of bank and other liquid funds on hand, plus incoming funds in transit and other absolutely committed funds to be received in the next 30 days, minus committed expenditures that will be incurred in the next 30 days.

# 15. In camera sessions

(as of November 2003) To each agenda of the GNC and the Board should be added the item, "In camera session, if required." If necessary, issues related to any of the Directors or the Senior Advisor can be discussed at this time, and the individual concerned will be asked to leave the room. [2005] Agreed by Board that this can be added to an agenda, if required.

# APPENDIX 1 ACTIVE COMMITTEES

N.B. The Chair and President is an ex officio member of all committees.

## (Governance and) Nominating Committee:

(as of September 2000) The Board agreed to change the Nominating Committee to the Governance and Nominating Committee, with Mr. Goldie as Chair. At present, this is a Standing Committee. It is important to keep balance on the Committee amongst business, professional, academic and NGO members. (as of September 2004) The Board agreed that the GNC be composed of approximately 1/3 of the Board membership plus the TI-Canada Chair. (as of May 2009) The members of the Committee are: Mr. McCloskey (Chair), Ms. Kennedy, Mr. Klotz and Dr. Shugarman. Any other Board Members interested in joining the Committee are invited to do so. (as of September 2009. the Committee's name was changed to Nominating Committee, as an Ex-officio position of Governance Officer was created; it was determined that all Board Members would be part of the Nominating Committee; as of )

# **Membership Committee:**

(as of September 2001) A restructured Membership Committee has been established, with Mr. McWilliams as Chair. At present, this is a Standing Committee. (as of February 2006) Members of the Committee are Ms. Davis, Chair, Ms. Bonnell, Dr. Cunningham and Mr. Swinden. Any other Board Members interested in joining the Committee are invited to do so. (as of March 2007, this Committee has been suspended, as fundraising is done by the Board as a whole); (as of September 2008) this Committee has been reinstated but was disbanded, in December 2013 – see below for Fundraising Committee.

## **Municipal Governance Committee:**

(as of September 2004) Members of the Committee are: Mr. McWilliams (Chair), Mr. Blackburn, Dr. Cunningham, Mr. Goldie, Ms. Kennedy, Mr. Swinden and Mr. Willson. (as of February 2005); the name of the Committee has been changed to Municipal Governance Committee. (as of May 2008) The members of the Committee are: Ms. Bonnell (Chair), Mr. Allan, Dr. Lemon and Mr. John Swinden. This Committee was disbanded in December 2013.

## **International Conventions Committee:**

(as of March 2007) Members of the Committee are: Ms. Kennedy (Chair), Mr. Futterer, Mr. McCloskey, Mr. McCutchan, Mr. Olivero, Dr. Shugarman, Ms. Cathy Walker and Dr. Webb; (as of September 2009) this Committee has been suspended, as an Ex-officio position of International Conventions Officer was created. This position was disbanded in December 2013.

## (UN Anti-Corruption Day Project Committee)

(as of September 2004) Mr. Olivero, Chair, Mr. Davies and Mr. Mendes; (as of February 2005) this is now part of the International Conventions Committee.

#### **Extractive Industries Committee:**

(as of May 2008) The Members of this Committee are Mr. Martin (Chair), Dr. Wes Cragg (Vice Chair), Mr. Willson (Vice Chair), Mr. Jim Cooney, Ms. Kennedy-Glans, Mr. Klotz, Mr. Ian Marshall, Ms. Tilda Mmegwa, Mr. Gerry Ohlsen, Mr. John Swinden and Dr. Webb; (as of September 2009) Dr. Webb is the Chair of this Committee; in September 2013, Martin Mueller became the Chair.

## **Americas Committee:**

(as of May 2008) Bob Olivero (Chair) and Ms. Sharon O'Regan; (as of September 2008), this Committee was incorporated into the International Conventions Committee.

# **Legal (Sub-)Committee:**

(as of June 2010) all lawyers on the Board are members of the Sub-Committee. (As of February 2011, it was determined this would be a Committee, with Janet Keeping as Chair. Other lawyers, affiliated with TI-Canada and interested in this Committee, will be invited to join.) Paul Lalonde became the Chair in January 2013.

# **Fundraising Committee:**

This Committee was created in September 2013, with Peter Dent as Chair.

## **Education Committee:**

This Committee was created in September 2013, with Mariana Mota Prado as Chair.

## **Strategic Communications and Marketing Committee:**

This Committee was created in September 2013, with Susan Reisler as Chair.

## **APPENDIX 2**

## **RESPONSIBILITIES OF TI-CANADA'S SENIOR ADVISOR**

The Senior Advisor (title changed from National Coordinator 14 December 2006 to Executive Director; title changed from Executive Director to Senior Advisor - 2013) works under the general direction of and reports to the Chair of TI-Canada. The Senior Advisor also reports to the Board at each Board Meeting. The Senior Advisor, working in cooperation with the Board, Officers of the Board, Board members and the relevant Chairs of Board Committees, is responsible for:

- 1. The maintenance of proper up-to-date corporate and financial records and the preparation of financial statements and reports for submission to each board meeting and the annual meeting of members.
- 2. The publication of a TI-Canada Newsletter, three times a year [January 2004] [changed to two in 2008; changed to timely bulletins being put out electronically with regard to TI-Canada events], with special issues as required.
- 3. Arrangements for Board meetings, Committee meetings, and the Annual General Meeting, including serving as Secretary to the Board and the recording of minutes, circulation of minutes, agendas and other documents at the direction of the Board and Committee Chairs.
- 4. Assistance to officers, directors, Committees and their Chairs in fulfilling their responsibilities and carrying out their activities on behalf of TI-Canada.
- 5. Assistance with membership recruitment, the maintenance of accurate and up-to-date membership records, membership up-date reports at Board meetings and annual membership renewals.
- 6. Communication with the business community and the international NGO community, government, government agencies, and government officials with a view to enhancing awareness of Transparency International, TI-Canada, and the anti-corruption policies and initiatives of Transparency International and TI-Canada.
- 7. Liaison with the media with a view to increasing public awareness of the work of TI and the international anti-corruption movement currently gaining international attention.
- 8. Maintenance of a web page, with the web page designer.
- 9. The prompt distribution of TI materials, as received, to the Officers of the Board and Committee Chairs and directors as are relevant to their responsibilities and interests, or as they may from time to time request.

- 10. Liaison with TI-Secretariat and other TI National Chapters on issues of mutual interest.
- 11. Such other tasks as may be assigned by the Board or requested by members of the Board, the Vice Chair or Treasurer or its Committee Chairs in consultation with the Chair where required.

The Senior Advisor shall devote an average of approximately 25 [Jan. 2006; changed to 27 as of Jan. 2013] hours per week (for a yearly total of 1300 [Jan. 2006]; changed to 1400 as of Jan. 2013]) to the position for which s/he will be paid \$44.50 [Jan. 2006] [changed to \$46.50 in Jan. 2009; changed to \$50.50 as of January 2012] per hour plus GST [changed to HST in July 2010]. It being understood that without the prior approval of the Chair or Vice Chair, the time spent in any one month shall not exceed 127 [Jan. 2006] hours.

The Senior Advisor submits a monthly report to the Chair following the end of each month indicating days worked, time spent and a brief description of the work carried out, and payment on account thereof will be made by TI-Canada within ten days following receipt of such report.

The parties agree that the Senior Advisor shall at all times be an independent contractor and that this shall not constitute a contract of employment nor shall the relationship between the parties be that of employer and employee.

Either party may terminate this agreement at any time upon fourteen (14) [changed to thirty (30) in November 2010] days' notice to the other party.

#### **APPENDIX 3**

## TRAVEL EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT POLICY

## **General Policy**

- 1. The purpose of travel is to effectively advance the on-going responsibilities of TI-Canada.
- 2. Persons travelling to TI events should only claim expenses from TI-Canada when they would otherwise have to pay personally. They should make reasonable efforts to obtain other sources of funding. The basic principle behind the policy is fairness to the person travelling and complete honesty and fairness by the claimant in terms of amounts claimed.
- 3. Travel expenses include registration fees, accommodation and meals, as well as actual travel costs.
- 4. All reimbursements are subject to funds being available, which shall be determined by the Treasurer and, if necessary, the Board at the time the request is made.
- 5. Travel will be funded by TI-Canada when that person's attendance is seen to be a net benefit to TI-Canada, which includes attendance by Directors at the Canadian AGM. While most other travel may be undertaken by the Chair, Vice Chair and Senior Advisor, we may wish to demonstrate a strong TI-Canada commitment to the subject matter of a meeting, in which other Directors may have particular expertise, or a Director may be in a position to network with others, which would be of benefit to TI-Canada, etc. In general, it is beneficial to TI-Canada for its Directors to be in personal contact with TI Secretariat personnel and other TI people around the world.
- 6. Any of the following guidelines may be waived by the Chair in special and unusual circumstances, in consultation with the Vice Chair and others as deemed appropriate.

# **Travel Reimbursement Guidelines**

- 1. Requests for reimbursement over \$500 should be made in advance to the Chair (normally through the Senior Advisor), who may consult with the Executive Officers and others as he or she sees fit. In the case of the Chair, the request should be made to the Treasurer. Requests should include the benefits that TI-Canada and the individual will obtain from the travel. Alternatively, the Chair may request the attendance of another Director.
- 2. The amount reimbursed includes the following:
  - In all cases, only amounts actually paid (or portion thereof when applicable), except for car mileage at Canada Customs and Revenue Agency rate.
  - The cheapest available air (or rail) fare on a reputable airline on an advance purchase basis at the time the decision to reimburse is made. Trip cancellation insurance should be obtained and will be reimbursed. If cancellation is for non-medical reasons, TI-Canada will not reimburse cancellation fees unless there are strong mitigating circumstances. When substantial savings can be obtained on an air fare by staying at the destination for one or two additional nights, such savings should be taken advantage of whenever practicable.
  - Ground transportation between home and local airport and at destination. Public transportation should be used whenever significant savings would result, and such transportation is available and convenient. Judgment should be used to determine

- the most economical and reasonably convenient option (e.g. if two or three are travelling together, taxi may be the cheapest form of transport).
- Car rental, when necessary, but not including collision damage waiver unless it is mandatory.
- Accommodation at comfortable and safe hotels within a reasonable distance of
  the event attended. TI-Canada will not reimburse for luxury hotel
  accommodation unless it is the only safe accommodation available or when there
  are compelling reasons to stay at an "official" conference hotel. For guidance
  only, hotels in large cities should normally be equivalent to Holiday Inns or
  Quality Inns in Canadian cities, rather than, for example, Four Seasons or Westin.
- Actual expenditure on meals and other incidentals. Meals should be reasonable in price in quality restaurants based on local conditions and may include a reasonable amount for alcoholic beverages. Appropriate long distance and international telephone calls (including calls from the USA) should be made whenever possible using a credit card and/or Canada Direct to avoid enormous mark-ups that most hotels add on to such calls
- Actual expenditures of a reasonable amount on entertaining others when such entertainment is judged to be in the best interests of TI-Canada.
- Detailed expense reports, with supporting receipts for amounts over \$10 should be submitted for all significant expenses claimed.
- 3. Persons travelling on TI-Canada funded trips are entitled to keep for their own benefit any air or other reward miles earned.
- 4. Persons travelling on TI-Canada business (including persons who are not funded by TI-Canada) are responsible for obtaining their own health, lost baggage, accident and life insurance and TI-Canada is not liable for any loss, injury or death that may occur to such persons, or accompanying persons. On request, TI-Canada will consider reimbursing additional insurance premiums payable solely as a result of undertaking the travel concerned.

**Amendment to Travel Policy** (made at 7 September 2004 Board Meeting)
It was **agreed** that travel for overnight flights of TI-Canada representatives could be upgraded to World Class Traveler, on a case-by-case basis.

# APPENDIX 4 BOARD STANDING DECISIONS

## INFORMATION TO TI-CANADA MEMBERS PRIOR TO AGM

Good governance requires that the members be given - at least annually - the following:

- 1. Reports on the organization's business activities,
- 2. Reports on the organization's financial activities,
- 3. An invitation to attend and participate at an AGM, and
- 4. At that AGM, the opportunity:
  - (A) to discuss with / question / challenge the directors on matters arising out of items 1 and 2, and
  - (B) to elect persons to be the directors for the next period.
- 5. Draft AGM Agenda

The Governance and Nominating Committee has agreed, starting in 2002:

- A. As soon as the prior year's accounts have been cleared with the Auditors, the Board will meet to approve those accounts.
- B. At the same meeting as in A, the Chairman, Vice Chairman and Senior Advisor will present to the Board their reports, in draft, on the prior year's activities. The Board will provide its comments, if any, on the drafts.
- C. At the same meeting, the Board decides on the nominees it will recommend to the members for election as directors.
- D. The audited/approved accounts, the Chairman's, Vice Chairman's and Senior Advisor's reports, Minutes of the prior AGM and the names of nominees are sent to the members, along with a proxy form. (The AGM notice will have been sent earlier.)